

I-SPHERE

Housing strategies of homeless migrants

A comparative study of Central Americans in Massachusetts and Eastern Europeans in Scotland

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Summary

- 1. Hypothesis
- 2. Research Questions
- 3. Methods
- 4. Initial Findings
- 5. Questions





Subsistent Homelessness

'Subsistence homelessness'- forgoing housing in order to achieve other necessities

'Shelter poverty'- forgoing necessities in order to keep a roof over your head

- What degree of choice do people have?
- Are homeless migrants de-prioritizing housing?
- Is homelessness a survival strategy?
- What is 'having a home' being sacrificed for?





2.1 Research Question: Causation

Language

Welfare

Substance dependencies

Financial resources and debt

Physical and mental health

Cultural Barriers

Knowledge of systems, support, rights

Housing

Labour

Support network

Institutional racism and discrimination

Domestic Violence

Stigma





Immigration Route & Legal Status (UK)

Border Control

- Do you need Leave to Remain but do not have it?
- Do you have Leave to Remain but do not have resource to public funds?
- Do you have temporary admission?

Right to Reside

- Working or looking for work
- Studying
- Economically self sufficient
- Retired

Habitual Residency

- In UK for an 'appreciable period of time'?
- 'Settled intention to live in the UK'?





Housing and Economic Strategies

Limited Value

- Wages/work
- Public Assistance/ subsidy
- Charity/ donations
- Illicit activity/ begging
- Informal support
- Personal resources

Maximise Value

- Overcrowding/ doubling up
- Hot-bedding
- Illegal housing
- Substandard housing
- Emergency shelter
- Rough sleeping





Roles of the State

- Human Rights State should intervene to ensure a basic standard of living is protected for all persons regardless of legal status
- <u>Citizenship</u> Intervention conditional upon meeting social obligations (i.e. duty to protect dependent on legal status)
- <u>Utilitarian</u> Minimize costs and maximize benefits in both case number and expenditure
- <u>Paternalism</u> State should protect people from consequence of poor decision making



3.1 Methodology



- Comparative research
- Case studies
- Participant Observation
- Key informant interviews
- Life story interviews

Key Informant Interviews				
Level	UK	US	N	
National	6	6	12	
State	5	13	18	
Local	-	10	10	
Total	11	29	40	

Life Story Interviews			
Nationality	N		
Roma	7		
Romanian	3		
Polish	5		
Total Scotland	15		
Dominican Republic	8		
Haitian	3		
Guatemala	1		
Puerto Rico	1		
Namibia	1		
Ethiopia	1		
Total Massachusetts	15		





Sampling & Participants Observation

Edinburgh

- Vendors of a Street
 Newspaper
 - 7 Roma
 - 2 Romanian
- Homeless drop-in centre
 - 5 Polish
 - 1 Romanian

Massachusetts

- Emergency family shelter (Lowell)
 - 3 Haitian, 2 Dominican, 2African
- Emergency family shelter (Boston)
 - 3 Dominican
- Wet shelter (Lawrence)
 - 2 Dominican, 1 Puerto Rican
- Housing advice centre
 - 1 Guatemalan, 1 Dominican





Interpreting & Translating



Edinburgh

- Romanian
 - 2 Interpreters
 - 4 Translators
- Polish
 - 1 Interpreter
 - 2 Translators

Massachusetts

- Spanish
 - 2 Interpreters
 - 5 Translators

(plus 2 Interpreters for Portuguese and Haitian Creole)

16 stipends of language services cost = \$2,500





Life Story Interviews- Themes

Migration

- Life before migration
- Push/Pull factors
- Expectations v. The actual

<u>Home</u>

- Housing experiences
- Ontological security
- What makes a home?

Strategies

- How is choice constrained
- Trade-offs, priorities, values
- Migration goals

Responsibility

Who/what should act? How?

The Future

Optimism and vision





Immigration/ legal status determines...

Choice

I want to live the
American Dream, to
own my own home, and
a car. To one day have
stability, to move out of
shelter. I am...applying
for Permanent
Residence

'Dora' 30(f)
Dominican Republic

Strategy

Right now I am sleeping in the park. I make little money as a kitchen porter... I need to save money for a deposit on a flat

'Zibi' 22(m) Poland

Preference

There are 10 of us in this 2br flat... Yes I could move out, but it is better to be with family, not some stranger I do not know

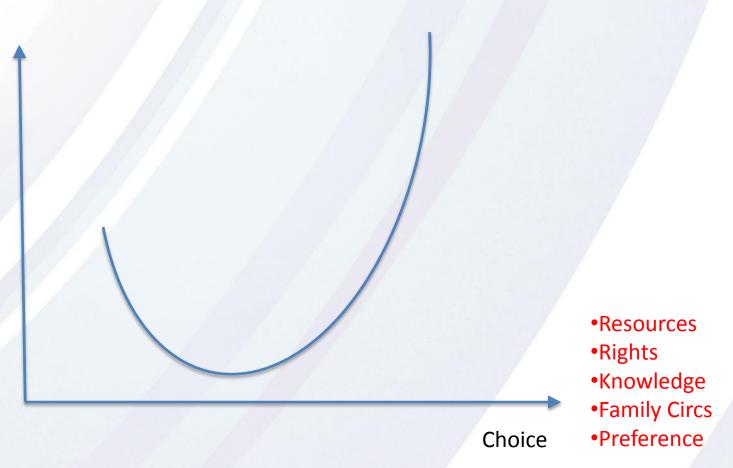
'Alin' 56(m) Romania





Subsistent Homelessness 'J' Curve



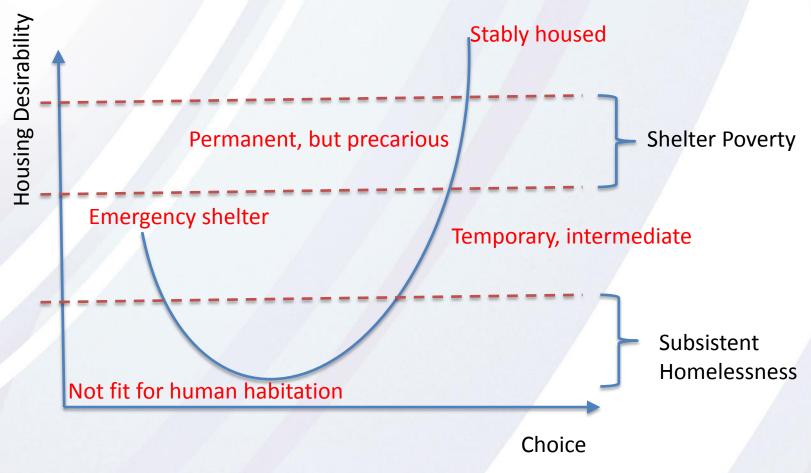




4.3 Findings



Subsistent Homelessness







Questions...

- 1. What is the role for state intervention in the case of subsistent homelessness?
- 2. Housing is one piece of the economic strategy of migrants. Is migrant homelessness less of an issue for housing and more indicative of failed immigration and labour policies?





Thank you!

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